SAYS A BEEF TRUST EXISTS.

FORMER EMPLOYEE OF SWIFT & CO. TELLS THINGS.

F. P. Busch Says Heads of Departments of the Packers' Companies Used to Meet Regularly and Fix Prices -Wrote to One Another on Unmarked Paper.

CHICAGO, April 29 .- Frank - P. Busch, formerly secretary to Louis F. Swift, Second Vice-President of the Swift Packing Company, was summoned to appear at the coffice of United States Attorney S. H. Bethea yesterday and tell what he knows about the Beef Trust. Through the testimony of other former employee- of the Swift company, Mr. Bethea learned that Busch was familiar with many of the details of the workings of the combination at the time of his employment by the Swift company, three years ago, and he deems Busch a most important addition to the Government's list of witnesses.

In an interview yesterday Busch said that he had handled much of the correspondence between the heads of departments of Swift and other companies, the contents of which, he alleges, will prove the existence of an agreement to fix prices and control shipments by the Swift company, Armour, Nelson Morris, and the Hammond company. He asserted that no written agreement ever existed between the members of the combination, but that all agreements were entered into by the heads of departments affected. He named Henry C. Powell and Frederick C. Clark of the Swift company as having represented that firm in the making of such agreements.

Busch said that matters of correspondence passing between the packing firms with relation to agreements in violation of the statute were never written on the regular letter paper of the firm from which they emanated, but always on plain paper. He said he had written many such letters to the heads of the car line and beef provision departments of Armour & Co., Nelson Morris & Co., and the G. H. Hammond Company. Copies of all such letters were

kept by the firms, and Busch asserted that if the copy books were called for by the Government, sufficient evidence would be obtained from them to win the injunction suit which the Government intends to bring. In the interview the following conversation "Was there ever any agreement signed by the packers accused of being in the com-

"No, there was a general agreement only made by the heads of the various depart-

ments."

"How was this general agreement made if it was not written?"

"The heads of departments were in habit of getting together once in a week or once in two weeks. They would then discuss the situation and agree on prices and the number of cars to be shipped."

"What departments were involved?"

"Particularly the car line and beef provision departments."

"Particularly the car line and beef provision departments."

"Who represented the Swift company in these meetings?"

"H C. Powell, manager of the car line department, and Frederick Clark, manager of the beef provision department."

"Whose representatives did they meet?"

"As near as I can remember it was the heads of similar departments of Armour & Co., Nelson, Morris & Co., and the Hammond Company."

"What was the nature of the agreements?"

"All concerned agreed to sell at the same prices wherever there was any competition. They also agreed as to the number of car lots to be sold."

"Were these agreements ever violated?"

"Yes. Hardly a week passed that Swift & Co. did not investigate violations by the other companies."

"Hose were these investigations con-

"Hos were these investigations con-"A falling-off in sales in a particular community would be due to the fact that some one was underselling."

"What was the next procedure?"

"I would be asked to write a letter to the head of the department of the offending firm, and ask why it was violating the agreement by underselling us a quarter.

of a cent or so."
"Who were responsible for these letters?"
"Those of our firm who made the agreements."
"How were these letters written?"

orders never to use the regular letter paper of Swift & Co. when addressing communications pertaining to agreements."
"Did Swift & Co. keep a memorandum of these letters?"

Yes. All were copied in a regulation

copy book "Are these books still obtainable?"
"I think they are. They are a part of the records of the firm."
"Do you consider their contents damaging evidence as to the existence of a trust?"
"I most certainly do. If the books are called for as evidence they will prove a the trust statutes which the packers could not get around in a thousand

ars."
"Was the book alleged to have been stolen from the Cudahy concern three years ago similar to the one you describe?"

"I have never seen the book in question, but from what I have read in reference to it I should think it was."

"Have you any grievance against the Swift empany?"
"None whatever. My relations with the members of the firm were always pleas-

and I left them to take a better posi-Mr. Busch is now a member of a firm of court reporters.

It was rumored on La Salle street yester-day that a "Packers' Combine," in the form of a company including all of the "Big Six." capitalized approximately at \$100,000,000, and transacting the bulk of the packing and transacting the bulk of the packing business of the world, may succeed the "gentlemen's agreement," now said to be existing among the companies. There have been efforts to form such a combination in the past and it is said that the present agitation and the action of the Government in investigating the alleged trust have led the big packers to consider the proposition again. It is believed the consolidating of the various concerns in the alleged Beef Trust would do away with prosecution. Trust would do away with pros-under the Anti-Trust laws.

MEAT PACKERS LOSE TRADE? 600 Mcn Discharged From One Plant to Chicago Mattroad Metater.

Citicano. April 26. - A direct result of the Government's investigation into the alinged Ment Trust was aboven to-day by the discharge of 500 men from the great Latay McNetil & Libby packing plant, which is controlled by the Swifts. The then were "let nut" on flaturday night test the fact was not made known until

The partiers felt the decreased demand for their product enumed by the high prices and by the people's tailed that a combination Continued of tracke " in in extension. When sevent about the matter to day the efficiels

A duli trade is the engage, that's all." Note Morrow of the plant, when present

for a statement, maid for the men have been discharged pole a number, to fast; the exact figures The annualigation into what is called the finef Traint find sections within it. There he are intention of West my down the whole plant."

"Thing definite opins and of theoffice when denier Attorney Buthes to-day. factors and consider absorbed that the 275 of conference could be aburtamed and that the end would come spaintly. A contion introduced within puroper knowledge of from the book imprised from withsomer and from recipiestical investigation already a true prejuded and the fathic will seem on the rectangular of it. Mr. Day and Mr.

anonymous persons had declared that the whole course of the investigation had been changed to the relations existing between the railroads and the packers. There seems to be some foundation, hovever, for this rumor.

changed to the relations existing between the railroads and the packers. There seems to be some foundation, hovever, for this rumor.

Another communication has come from Attorney-General Knox and that it relates in part to the railroads there is little doubt. The rebate question is the nub of the railroad matter. Paul Morton, who is in charge of the traffic affairs of the Sante Fé, and J. C. Bird and J. M. Johnson, who held similar places on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul and the Rock Island roads, are to be called before the Government's representatives and questioned on the rebate agreements between the railroads and the meat magnates. Rebates are said to be the source of the packers' excessive profits.

The alleged corner in poultry, said to have been worked by the Swift interests recently, will have a careful consideration by the United States attorneys. The South Water street merchants, who by virtue of the corner could buy little poultry except from the Swifts, found their profits cut until there was no living in the business. One-half a cent a pound was the merchants' gain. If they sold for a cent advance they declare Swift would go into the market and sell at one-half cent advance to the customers of the middlemen. Several South Water street men will testify to conditions and will say their frequent repetition means the driving of the firms out of existence.

An agreement between the larger packers, which it is said will be a weapon in the Government's hands, has found its way into the possession of Mr. Beathea. The compact is that all freshmeat dealers are to pay the packers for their product on a certain day of the week. If the dealers did not pay on that day they were to have nothing except for cash. A fine was fixed in the agreement, to be paid by the packer who did not live up to the requirements.

This document in itself, the packers say, does not show there is any compact hetween them to "restrain trade." The Government of the sold as a "blind" to a trust compact.

Denials that the packers i

ARMY GETS BEEF CHEAP. Some Posts Lower Than They Were Last Year.

WASHINGTON, April 29.-Inquiry at the War Department to-day disclosed that despite the great increase in the price of beef, the army is now making contracts for the next fiscal year by which it will get beef at a number of military posts at lower rates than it has been paying under the contracts arranged a year ago. Bids for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1902, are now being received and contracts awarded. From the records of

contracts awarded. From the records of contracts awarded so far this year the figures given below were taken.

Contracts have already been made for supplying with beef three posts near New York city, and in two of these there is a decrease from the prices agreed upon a year ago. At Fort Wood, on Bedlow's Island, the price for the coming fiscal year will be 7.98 cents a pound against 8.25 cents for the year to end on June 30. At Fort Wadsworth, on Staten Island, the price just fixed by contract is 7.14 cents against 7.19 cents under last year's contract. At Fort Columbus, New York Harbor, the price will be increased from 7.63 cents to 7.87 cents.

In Washington, where there has been a marked rise in the price of beef to private consumers, the Subsistence Department of the army has made a contract with a local dealer to furnish beef to the Washington Barracks at 7.4 cents a pound, against 7.7 cents under last year's contract, a decrease of three-tenths of a cent a pound.

The official records show also that beef dealers are now offering to furnish supplies at lower rates than last year to army posts near the cities of Atlanta, Pittsburg, Baltimore, Troy, New Bedford and New Orleans, while the contract prices have been increased for posts at or near Providence.

more, Troy, New Bedford and New Orleans, while the contract prices have been increased for posts at or near Providence, Boston, Mobile, Augusta, Charleston, Watertown, West Point and Plattsburg.

The contention that the rise in the price of beef is due to the scarcity of cattle is seemingly contradicted by the records of contracts just awarded for furnishing beef to army posts in cattle raising sections of the West. In every one of these contracts

While there may be reasons not known here for this decrease in the grazing country subsistence officers regard it as an indication that cattle are, if anything, more plentiful on the far Western ranges.

The following figures of ten contracts, just made for posts in Arizona, New Mexico, Utah, Colorado and Wyoming, are taken from the official records: rom the official records:

from the official records:

Fort Apache, Arizona, this year, 7.25 cents a pound, last year, 7.7; Fort Grant, Arizona, this year, 8.8 cents, last year, 9. Fort Huachuea, Arizona, this year, 8.9, last year, 9.5 Fort Wingate, New Mexico, this year, 9.5 Fort Douglas, Utah, this year, 7.65, last year, 7.5; Fort Duchesne, Utah, this year, 7.65, last year, 7.95; Fort Logan, Utah, this year, 7.65, last year, 7.95; Fort Logan, Colorado, near Denver, this year, 7.4, last year, 7.45; Fort D. A. Russell, Wyoming, this year, 7.25; last year, 7.65; Fort McKenzie, Wyoming, a post many miles from a railroad, 9 cents, this year and last Fort Washaskie, Wyoming, this year, 8.74, last year, 8.95.

But Meat Dealers Will Confer as to Action Against the Trust.

WASHINGTON, April 29 - Members of the Retail Meat Dealers' and Butchers' Protective associations will hold a meeting on Thursday evening to determine what action shall be taken against the Beef Trust.

The local managers of the Swift and Armour packing companies said this morning that they knew absolutely nothing con-cerning the proposed conference between the representatives of the "Big Six" firms. Attorney-General Davies, of New York, and the investigating committee appointed by the New York Republican Club, rumored to have been arranged for Thursday in

Attorney-General Davios's action in stat-Attorney-General Davies a setton in statiing that he could see no reason why he should
confer with the representatives of the
concerns against which he will sconer
or later institute proceedings is thought
to have destroyed the chances of a conference, if any were in contemplation.
The further rise of beef in Kansas City has
not yet made itself felt in the local markets

LYNCH 'EM. SUGGESTS M'CALL Tammany Plan of Handling Cornerers of Mest (and See of Lourse)

The Aldermen again attacked the Boef Trust at the meeting of the hourd yestsday Alderman John T Met all (Tam) introduced a recourtion which stated that and satisfied with saturting saustritual prices for its product the low Trust no the Boof Trust, low is a printer's server trus toom

stapping infected most to this sity and these tennering the legals of the propie of New York The remodulish processing to posted and that the force of some trapporture now ampiored by the city was inninquate transfer the Banks in the most stronger and therefore the Banks of Emissions was a specifically suggested to an assist \$15.000 to pay the salidite of ten or more positional transfer to the salidite positions. properly impact the year amount

to make the production of the constitutions distributions to the constitutions distribution at some committings are leaved that the constitution of constitutions of the passes from a last a law unisting experiments of the passes from a last a law unisting office and range of the passes of the complete when I am complete when it can accordant the passes of the companion of the c The recolution was adopted. The Health Board did not suggest the

CONHAIM AND ASHER ARE HELD

LETTERS FROM "ABE" AND "LEO" IN LAROCQUE GIRL'S TRUNK.

Her Mother and Brother Arrive From Their Up-State Home -The Identification of the Dead Girl Complete -Ball

Abraham Conhaim and Leo Asher, whose ames have been mentioned in connection with the handsome young French-Canadian girl, Hattie Larocque, who died a few days ago in the New York Hospital as the result of a criminal operation, were both put under arrest yesterday by Coroner Scholer and held in \$1,000 bail each. Joseph Conhaim, the head of the cloakmaking arm with which both prisoners were connected, had promised the Coroner that Abraham would be subject to his order by Tuesday. Abraham was found by Detectives Fogarty and Deering at the Hotel Albert, where he said he lived. Asher was arrested at the corner of Elm and White streets, apparently on his way to

give himself up. Early yesterday morning the mother and brother of the dead girl arrived at the Grand Central Station and drove directly to the Merritt undertaking establishment at Nineteenth street and Eighth avenue, where they identified the body. Mrs. Larocque was very much affected when the casket was first opened, as was her son, a

stalwart young man, about 25 years of From Merritt's they went to the Coroner office in the Criminal Court Building and were there when Conhaim and Asher were brought in under arrest. The prisoners, however, were taken to another apartment and neither the mother nor the brother saw them. Simon Feist of 177 West Ninetythird street was on hand and furnished bail Both Conhaim and Asher are young men, apparently in the thirties. G. G. Battle,

that under his instructions neither of them would have anything to say.

When Mr. Case, the proprietor of the Bristol Hotel in East Eleventh street, where Miss Larocque had lived, closed his establishment soon after the girl became ill and went away, he took a trunk she had left behind and turned it in to a safe deposit company at Twenty-third street and sixth avenue.

In company with the dead girl's mother

who appeared as their legal adviser, said

In company with the dead girl's mother and brother, Coroner Scholer went to the safe deposit company shortly after noon yesterday. When they started, Mrs. Larocque asked that they go up Broadway in order that she might see the shop in which Hattie had worked.

The Corphaim clock concern is at Elevanth

which Hattie had worked.

The Conhaim cloak concern is at Eleventh street and Broadway and when the carriage reached there the Coroner directed the driver to stop. He then pointed the place out to Mrs. Larocque, who looked at it long and earnestly.

At the safe deposit place the Coroner presented an order from Mr. Case for the delivery of the trunk. Mr. Ward of the safe deposit company was not satisfied with the signature to the order and would not deliver the trunk until Mr. Case himself appeared.

The trunk was taken to the undertaking establishment, where it was opened in the

The trunk was taken to the undertaking establishment, where it was opened in the presence of the mother and brother, the Coroner and Police Sergeant Munday.

A number of letters were found in different compartments of the trunk, several of them written on the Conhaim letterhead and signed "Abe" and several signed "Lec."
There also were telegrams signed "Abe" and "Lec." The letters signed Abe were affectionate in tone.

One spoke of the writer's sorrow at learning of the girl's illness and of his sorrow

One spoke of the writer's sorrow at learning of the girl's illness and of his sorrow likewise at the "trouble," which the girl had told him by telephone she was in. It closed by saying that the writer, "Abe," would spend the next Sunday with her and "talk it over." Still another, written on the Conhaim letterhead paper, was addressed to MissLarocque at Stafford Springs, Conn. It referred apparently to a suit which Miss Larocque had asked to have made for her in the store and expressed to her at Stafford Springs. In this letter "Abe," who signs it, protests against this. "It will never do to have it done in the store," he says, "because everybody will know I made the suit for you." For that reason "Abe" argues against sending the guit from the store by express, as it would have to go on the records.

so far made the price is lower than last year, or just the same as then.

While there may be reasons not known

While there may be reasons not known

While there may be reasons not known

However, he adds, if you insist on it. I will do it, but you will have to bear the consequences. I close with the happy thought that I will soon see you again. consequences. I close with the happy thought that I will soon see you again." A telegram dated Dec. 5 says that the writer, "Abe." has just arrived from Boston, writer, "Abe, has just arrived from Boston, has received her, liattie's, telegram and that a letter follows this despatch which he is sending in reply. A letter signed "Leo" says that "they have postponed that affair, but we will go out next Sunday."

Torn into small pieces, which were scattered through the trays of the trunk, was still avoided by the Combain research.

still another letter on the Conhain paper. One piece showed distinctly the signature One piece showed distinctly the signature "Abe." Coroner Scholer said that he intended to patch all these bits together. Young Larocque and his mother started with the body of Miss Larocque at 9:30 last evening for Lowville, N. Y., where Mrs. Larocque lives and where the interment will take place. Young Larocque's home is in West Camden, N. Y., where he is the station agent of the New York Central Railroad. He said that he intended to do all in his power to uncover the person or persons. his power to uncover the person or person who caused his sister's death and in seeing them properly punished. He will be back here at the time of the inquest, which is set down for Sunday next.

APPEAL TO BEEF MEN

Lawyer Bullows's Idea of Getting at the Facts for the Attorney-General.

Chairman Alfred L. M. Bullows of the Republican Club Committee, which is to ecoperate with a committee of Tammany Hall and the local and Federal authorities in the fight against the Beef Combine, received a telegram from Attorney General Knox yesterday morning, stating that he would be glad to meet the joint : in the office of United States District At torney Burnett in the Federal landing on Thursday of this week, to receive any information on the matter which the committee might impact.

Mr Bullows immediately called a meeting of the committee at Senator. Slater's office at 26 William street. Mr Bullows

office at 76 William street Mr Bullows engagested at the insecting that they seek to obtain relief by negotiation and appeal to the better instincts of the best men.

"We believe," he said "that the Boof Combination can be brought to income the people the same facts which where the propie the same facts which where the it will be necessary to obtain after long what times and expensive delays.

After the masting Mr Bullows and that he did not care to unfold any of the plane in detail until after the meeting on Thursday afternoon

afternoon.
Post Warden datase E. March's Loyal Reguldings that of the Sixth Amendaly district held a meeting on bloscay right and passed reconstitute condensating the Direction of it by Attacker Council Bing.

SHE WED DESPITE HER PAREATS. But Mrs. Sanborn. Wite Mar Miss & practi Has had Meen Mispensed announcement has been made of the

marriage of flugetic flatitions and Miss Terrange of Engelse United States Accounts the States of Services Accounts they are to be a supplied of the Services Accounts they are to be a supplied of the Services of Services of Services of the Services of Services of

NEW CIVIL SERVICE GRADES

The revised budget will be issued to-day. After it has been formally adopted the Board of Estimate will proceed to fix the salaries in the various departments upon the basis of the grades already decided

Next Saturday at 10 A. M. the Municipal Civil Service Commission will give a public hearing to all interested in the changes in the rules necessary to substitute the new grades for those now in use. On the following Tuesday the Mayor will give a hearing o consider any recommendations that may be submitted to him by the Civil Service commissioners and on May 10 the State Civil Service Commission will meet in this city to pass upon the changes resolved upon by the Mayor. In a statement issued yes-terday the Mayor said:

it has been a herculean task thus to re-organize the entire civil service of the city in so short a time. In this endeavor to bring order out of chaos every effort has been made to be fair to everybody. The Civil Service Commission through its Secretary, has been in constant touch with the heads of departments, and with others especially interested.

SAYS DEVOUT WIFE FELL, and Sent for Her Bible After Eloping With

Another Man. Supreme Court Justice Dickey in Brookyn heard testimony yesterday in the suit of John R. Thompson against Frances Irene Thompson for divorce. They were married in 1890, and have several children. Both are active in the Greenpoint Methodist Church

The plaintiff alleges that his wife became infatuated with one of his fellow em-ployees in the National Biscuit Company

ployees in the National Biscuit Company and ran away with him.

The corespondent, William Spaulding, is alleged to have taken Mrs. Tompson to Providence, Pittsburg and other places. While in Providence Mrs. Tompson is alleged to have written to her husband asking him to send her a pair of shoes and a Bible. She said she needed the Bible to read in her lonesome and depressed moments. Several witnesses testified to having seen letters written to the plaintiff in which she admitted that she had "fallen in sin" and that she "had sinned against God beyond redemption." The case will be continued to-day.

TAMMANY MEN TURNED OUT. Chief Clerk of Tax Department and

Three Deputy Sheriffs. Henry Berlinger resigned yesterday as chief clerk of the Tax Department at \$3,000 under pressure, it is said. He is a Foureenth district Tammany man, and was appointed in 1898.

resignation of Deputy Sheriffs Alexander J. Ahearn, Frank Rinn and Thomas Radley, all Tammany men. It is understood that none of them will make any fight to retain his place.

L. L. BUCK KEEPS HIS \$10,000. Mayor Said to Have Vetoed Lindenthal's Proposal to Reduce It.

It was reported yesterday that Mayor Low had declined to consent to a reduction in the salary of Chief Engineer L. Lefferts Buck of the Bridge Department from \$10,000 to \$7,500 as proposed by Commissioner Lindenthal and had also persuaded the Commissioner not to persist in his an-nounced purpose to remove Deputy Com-missioner N. L. Robinson, who is a nephew of Mr. Buck.

A trough of low pressure without any well defined centre stretched yesterday from the Lake regions southward over the Ohio and Tennessee valleys thence southwest to Texas, Throughout this belt and to the east to the Middle Atlantic coast the weather was cloudy and rainy, with heavy thunder storms in Iowa, Illinois, Arkansas, Onio Wisconsin, Indiana and Michigan; generally west of the Mississippi and north of Texas the weather was fair. It was warmer in all districts, except in the upper sections of the Mississippi and Missouri valleys. Freezing temperatures were reported from the Dakotas, Montana and Wyoming. ... In this city the day was cloudy and showery. wind fresh to brisk southeasterly; average humidity the temperature yesterday, at recorded by the oficial thermometer, and aim by THE SUN'S ther-

| Description | WASHINGTON PORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO MORROW

For eastern New York, rain, followed by rair today: to morrow fair, brisk to high southeast winds on the coast. becoming southwest. For New England, rain to day and on the eas coast; to merrow cooler in north and central por tions, brisk to high southeast winds on the coast

in and sitghtly cooler to-day, fair, fresh west fair and slightly cooler to day; fair, fresh porthwest

MARRIED.

CHILDS.-KNEVALS. -At Church of the Ppiphany, New York city, by the Rev. Edward L. Atku Thomas Howe Childs to Augusta H. Knevals

IDDINGS RUNYON On Tuesday, April 20. 1902, at 319 State at Brooklyn, by the Rev Lindsay Parker, Ph. D., assisted by the Rev Robert L. Faddock, George Weiting Giddings to cora Kraemer Bunyon, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Whrelock Hunyon. HEATON TROWNRIDGE On Tuesday, April 29.

use, at the residence of the bride's grand mother to film at New Haven, Conn. by the fire Frame Woods Baker, John Edward Hea-ton to Fiorence Caroline Trombridge, poing-cat daughter of William H. H. Trombridge, Eng.

DIED.

heimer, and releas son of the inte bitton and thuseting it thermacines, in the hist year of the Funieral frant his lets studence, 46 West that Exally in lurater april 20. 1200 pt has real dease. Up deflerent at Minnighty Engage Coffice enlast one of folio 20 min Marries confin

Knopp carries will be held at the Church of the Redressors, ash ar and Parish at . on Those day evening, his to make at evening later many Farest Mills Committee, Shoutan Make perpetativing — can Monday April NA 1902 at his provinces Abrahami V Indirent, in the first binnamme b i im Thursday afternoon.

THE ADMINISTRAL AS MINISTRAL CORP. NEW YORK CITY. men pear feature of function termphone

MINISTER MALESTAN CHANGE LORAL LABOUR. Las Sap making communications offers on hear large and communication of Minings States (appellance) to the communication of the control of the depth of the control of the depth of the control of the depth of the control ericles at Expensy charges, shift at many this A POSE BLANDERS L. BURDETT Communication Arists, metal for manage posite have been the finised frequenty Monocial Cofficers of the post of

Cubanola

What is a Cigar?

A cigar is a roll of tobacco consisting of three parts: the wrapper, the binder and the filler.

Which is the most important?

The filler—because the filler gives the flavor.

What is the best Filler?

Havana tobacco.

Why is Havana the best filler?

Because it has the best flavor and aroma.

What Filler is used in Cubanola Cigars?

Havana.

What do Cubanola Cigars cost? Five cents.

Are other five cent cigars filled with Havana tobacco?

Then why do you buy other

t" cigars?

Cubanola

"five cent

ENNSYLVANIA R. R. Personally TOURS 1902

WASHINGTON.

May 1. From New York..... \$14.50 OLD POINT COMFORT.

RICHMOND and WASHINGTON May 3. From New York \$34.00 OLD POINT COMFORT ONLY.

\$15.00 From New York. For Hineraries and full information apply to Toket Agents. Tourist Agent, list Broadway, hew york or subsets (EC. W. HOVD. 4ac) (en) Pass Agt. Philad 2 J. B. HUTCHINSON. J. R. WOOD. Gen'l Past's age.

BERNHITHER OR SUNDAY, April 27, 1809, Jacob | BROOKS INGLEST AGAIN PLT OF | t apt. Time Sers His New Witnesses Are

but to the Horns tilet's Fasur. oromer Brown yesterday at the request Assistant District Attorney Schurman. of Assistant District Attorney Schurman, adjourned statis May 18 the singuest into algorith of Walter Brooks, which was in pare been took to day. The Coronar are that there will be no more adjourned the lass should be required the Folice and the District Attorney's office adjourned the inequality at the required the Folice and the District Attorney's office adjourned the inequality of the part lines and yesteroley their three last three or perhaps feels entirely took at the last three or perhaps feels entirely took at the inquired the district of the district of Walter of British lasting in the angles of the contents of the chart of the contents of the lasting and that way is not be intelliged all case only and that way is not in favour of the latitude girl

thuisborf Sintertatument to Atel to St. W. A printer William T. Carleton, who was authoraly coursed to a ruttway acceptant account mountain ago, is to be the isometrically of an enterof to be the horsestern Major of Astronomy gives of the Major of Astronomy man be seen of the trains which control of the Fourthery indiponies. He is made to be seen on the seen and the translation of the trains of the trains

Milesten ing programme

Rectal Troubles?

ELECTROZONĒ

will cure them ' 50c. quart bottle. All druggists.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. Vin Mariani is on sale at drug stores throughout the world. The public is especially cautioned against substitutes and imitations attempted owing to the popularity of Vin Mariani.

URIKOS permanentis sues all Centhral Discharges and Cataert of Katheys and Bladder. No tripetions. No stuttactic disturbance. One has softicient for street cases. Price \$1. At all designists. C. N. Crittanton Co., haw York, Williams

Merchines for Mulidian and Lago & moresdudge Laciotalie appointed restarday as commission for the Commission Muchael Building estel Logici Approximations design Monopoles Karr 1900-19. Premisheste 100 thre Approximations will

THE SUNDAY SUN COSTS MONEY

> To make, that is, not to read. Because, as a matter of fact, five cents is not really a price for THE SUNDAY SUN. It is a mere initiation fee to THE SUNDAY SUN CLUB. THE SUNDAY SUN is practically a weekly library of the best reading on current subjects, which is given away to those who are willing to pay five cents to show their good taste by taking the newspaper.

But sometime, when you have nothing else to do, pick up an old copy of THE SUNDAY SUN. You will find that your wife has tucked it away somewhere so that the maid will not throw it away before it has been read clear through. Pick it up and put yourself in an imaginative frame of mind and try to realize how much hard work and hard money those thirty odd pages represent.

It is an old saying that easy writing makes hard reading, and that bard writing makes easy reading. That THE SUNDAY SUN is such sony reading is evidence that its excellence is not a workly accident it is good because good stuff has been put into the making of \$1.

THE SUNDAY WORTH WHILE,

Materible für die Austranger Adlerer), Wasserrias Mr. April 10 - Marin Binin-shell has concerned a letter from Anthony Car-seque to which Mr. I according offices the airly of Materialis a free posters therapy statistically in most \$40.660 taster the unital modification taspessed by last at attaining gifts.

Lexative Bromo-Summer Tenne

committee to attempt